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1.1. Product identifier	
Product Identity	HYPOCHLOR
Alternate Names	HYPOCHLOR
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixt	ure and uses advised against
Intended use	Consult with PRL representative
Application Method	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	
Company Name	Pharmacal Research Labs., Inc.
	562 Captain Neville Dr.
	Waterbury, CT 06705, USA
24 hour Emergency Telephone No.:	
CHEMTREC (USA)	(800) 424-9300
IN CANADA CALL CANUTEC	(613) 996-6666
Customer Service: Pharmacal Research Labs., Inc.	203-755-4908, (800)-243-5350

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Corr. 1B;H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Eye Dam. 1;H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Aquatic Acute 1; H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aquatic Chronic 2;H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



H303 May be harmful if swallowed.



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H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### [Prevention]:

P260 Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

#### [Response]:

P301+330+331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P304+312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P340 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### [Storage]:

P406 Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

#### [Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Sodium hypochlorite CAS Number: 0007681-52-9	10-15	Skin Corr. 1B;H314 Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic;H410	[1]

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance. \*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.



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## 4. First aid measures

aid measures
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with drink several glasses of water. Do NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
ptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Effects of overexposure/signs and symptoms of exposure Contact with concentrated material may cause burns to exposed tissue. See section 2 for further details.
Causes serious eye damage. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May be harmful if swallowed. (Not adopted by US OSHA)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Use standard fire fighting media on surrounding materials including water spray, foam, and carbon dioxide. (Do not use dry chemical extinguisher containing ammonium compounds.)

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and flames may produce toxic chlorine, hydrogen chloride, carbon monoxide and Sodium oxides.

Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

#### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. This product may be corrosive to human tissue. Extinguishing media should be suitable for surrounding fire.

ERG Guide No. 154



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## 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Protective clothing and equipment must be worn.** Contain spill or leakage in suitable container or holding area. Do not allow drainage to sewers, streams, or storm conduits. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Do not flush with water. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

"EMPTY" CONTAINER WARNINGS: Do not reuse empty container. Triple rinse with water - dispose of in conformance with federal, state, and local regulations.

## 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep in well ventilated area - store above 10°c (50°f). Use goggles or face shield, rubber gloves, and boots where contact is expected.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Containers should be stored in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Exercise due caution to prevent damage to or leakage from the container. Keep containers closed when not in use.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Keep out of reach of children.

For professional use only.

Do not mix with any other chemicals unless compatibility has been established by the manufacturer.

## 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Exposure



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CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0007681-52-9	Sodium hypochlorite	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

### Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value	
0007681-52-9	Sodium hypochlorite	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No	
		NTP Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;	

8.2. Exposure controls	
Respiratory	Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator for mist, following manufacturer's recommendations when concentrations exceed permissible exposure limits.
Eyes	Chemical splash goggles or face shield
Skin	Chemical resistant clothing such as rubber coveralls/apron and boots should be worn. Wear rubber gloves. Gloves must be resistant to corrosive materials. Nitrile or PVC gloves are suitable. Do not use cotton or leather gloves.
Engineering Controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Other Work Practices	Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear - Yellow Liquid
Odor	Chlorine
Odor threshold	Not Measured
рН	12.5
Melting point / freezing point	Not Measured
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not Measured



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Flash Point Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapor pressure (Pa) Vapor Density Specific Gravity Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (cSt) 9.2. Other information Non Flammable Not Measured Not Applicable **Lower Explosive Limit:** Not Measured 23.3 hPa (17.5 mmHg) at 20 °C (68 °F) Not Measured 1.2 Soluble (@1 ATM and 25C) Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured

# Physical property data is approximate of typical value and should not be used for precise design purposes.

## **10. Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Do not allow contact with acids.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances. The amount of chlorine diminishes over time.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Reacts exothermically with acids. Reacts with ammonia, amines and ammonium salts to produce chloramines. Decomposes on heating to produce chlorine gas.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

Sealed containers may develop explosive pressures under fire conditions. Use water to cool containers exposed to fire.

Avoid contact with Acids

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, Organic materials, Powdered metals, Forms shock-sensitive mixtures with certain other materials., Amines, Reacts violently with ammonium salts, aziridine, methanol, and phenylacetonitrile, sometimes resulting in explosions. Reacts with primary aliphatic or aromatic amines to form explosively unstable n-chloroamines. Reaction with formic acid becomes explosive at 55°C.

### **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

Chlorine. Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5



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## 11. Toxicological information

#### Acute toxicity

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm
Sodium hypochlorite - (7681-52-9)	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 5	10,000.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	10.50, Rat - Category: 4	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)	5	May be harmful if swallowed. (Not adopted by US OSHA)
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

## 12. Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.



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### Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient		96 hr LC50 fish,	48 hr EC50 crustacea,	ErC50 algae,
		mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
	Sodium hypochlorite - (7681-52-9)	0.08, Pimephales promelas	0.032, Daphnia magna	0.40 (72 hr), Dunaliella primolecta

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

- There is no data available on the preparation itself.
- 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

## 14. Transport information

	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA
14.1. UN number	UN1791	UN1791	UN1791
14.2. UN proper shippin name	ng Hypochlorite Solutions	Hypochlorite Solutions	Hypochlorite Solutions
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	DOT Hazard Class: 8 DOT Label: Corrosive	IMDG: 8 Sub Class: Not Applicable	Air Class: 8
14.4. Packing group	Ш	III	III
14.5. Environmental hazards			
IMDG N	Marine Pollutant: Yes ( Sodium hypochlorite )		
14.6. Special precautio	ns for user		
1	No further information		



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## 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory OverviewThe regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected<br/>regulations are represented.Toxic SubstanceAll components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA

All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA Inventory.

WHMIS Classification D2B E

US EPA Tier II Hazards

Control Act (TSCA)

Fire: No Sudden Release of Pressure: No Reactive: No Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): No

### EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Sodium hypochlorite (100.00)

### EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### N.J. RTK Substances (>1%):

Sodium hypochlorite

### Penn RTK Substances (>1%):

Sodium hypochlorite

## **16. Other information**

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our



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products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision Date: 07/12/2022 Supersedes: 03/02/2015 Reason: Review and Update

#### Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of Pharmacal's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. Pharmacal does not warrant or guarantee their accuracy or reliability, and Pharmacal shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of there use thereof.

The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination, and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular use.

The hazardous materials identification system (HMIS) and national fire protection association ratings have been included by Pharmacal research laboratories INC. In order to provide additional health and hazard information. The ratings recommended are based upon criteria supplied by the developers of these rating systems, together with Pharmacal's interpretation of the available data.

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